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GENERAL PALMER CENSURED BY JURIST

Official Came Dangerously Near To Compounding Felony

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 8.—Attorney General Palmer's order limiting the government's evidence to be used in the soft coal conspiracy cases against 126 operators and miners in Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, were criticized by Federal Judge Anderson in the United States District Court here today as being "strangely close to the compounding a felony," and also "dangerously near contempt of court."

Trial of the cases was rescheduled to begin today but government counsel said it was not ready to proceed. Before granting the continuance asked by the government counsel, Judge Anderson undertook an investigation of the attorney general's orders regarding the cases, ending with his criticism of Mr. Palmer's conduct.

The court set next January 10 as the date for calling the trials again, announcing that the meantime "will give us time to get our bearings and at least find out whether we are to govern by law or by person." Once before the judge had declared that Mr. Palmer's attitude in the cases was that of personal government, not government by law."

The attorney general was not present at the investigation, but C. B. Ames, former chief assistant to Mr. Palmer, explained that Mr. Palmer's orders had been misunderstood by government counsel, who, testifying at the investigation, said the orders possibly nullified the prosecution.

Nearly In Contempt.

Judge Anderson's statement regarding Mr. Palmer's conduct came, after hearing most of the testimony, the court leading up to his assertion with a series of questions whether the Attorney general had authority to agree not to use certain evidence.

"It is strangely near to the compounding of a felony," said Judge Anderson in this connection. "I am not saying it is, I am saying it is strangely near it."

Similarly the judge discussed the elements constituting contempt of court, his purpose being, he said, to "see how dangerously near this gentleman has got himself to a contempt of court."

"The arm of this court is long," continued Judge Anderson in this connection, "and has been known to reach farther than Washington. I am not suggesting what may or may not be done. Mr. Palmer is the attorney general, and there is a certain amount of consideration that I am bound to pay to his official position if I do not pay it to him, himself."

After making these remarks Judge Anderson called on District Attorney Van Nys to produce messages exchanged with the Department of Justice about reopening the conspiracy cases, with the view of reporting further grand jury indictments, increasing the list of defendants. One message bearing the name of Assistant Attorney General Mitchell said the "attorney general has instructed me to request that before seeking indictments you should consult with and lay the facts before this department." Interpreting this message, Judge Anderson said its effect was "that this court can not proceed unless the attorney general sees fit to advise."

"I am going to have it done," the judge added, his remark apparently meaning that the grand jury soon to convene will reopen investigation of the conspiracy cases.

In opening the investigation, Dan W. Simms of Lafayette, Ind., said he resigned as special prosecutor in the cases because he said the attorney general's order would prevent use of evidence that was the basis of the government's injunction case last year against the coal strike, and the later contempt proceedings for alleged violation of the court's order directing cancellation of the strike order. Similar testimony was given by L. Ert Slack, another special prosecutor, and by District Attorney Van Nys.

Mr. Ames said, however, and Mr. Palmer interpreted his orders to

HARDING WORKS FOR UNION OF NATIONS

"Best Minds" Have Been Summoned For Consultation.

Marion, Ohio, Nov. 5.—Senator Harding already has begun fulfillment of his campaign promise to consult the nation's leading minds with regard to a new association of nations and he hopes that by the time of his inauguration next March he will have laid the groundwork of a plan behind which the sentiment of the country can unite.

A list of those to be consulted first has been drawn up and invitations are going forward to several to come to Marion at the conclusion of the month's vacation trip, which is to be started by the president-elect tomorrow morning.

Both Republicans and Democrats are to present their views in individual and personal talks with Mr. Harding during the winter months, but he does not contemplate, for the present at least, any general assemblage of his advisers for round table discussion.

Names Not Published.

The names of those already invited have not been made public, but it was said in an announcement from the president-elect's office tonight that "men and women who have been eminent in the discussion of our foreign relations" made up the list. Additions will be made during Mr. Harding's vacation trip, it was added, although no consideration will be given by him during that period to the choice of a cabinet.

The announcement followed a long conference between Senator Harding and Will H. Hays, who as Republican national chairman led the campaign for Harding and Coolidge. Neither revealed what subjects they had discussed, but it was understood that the chairman's visit here was made at Mr. Harding's request, and had to do both with the campaign just closed and with the policies to be shaped for the coming administration.

The objective of the senator's trip is Point Isabel, Texas, and although he plans to occupy most of his time there hunting and fishing, another of his close campaign advisers, Harry M. Daugherty, will accompany him. It is taken for granted there will be some discussion of policies and administrative programmes between them.

Official Announcement

That the plan for conferences on an association of nations was already taking form was revealed in this announcement from Mr. Harding's office:

"Senator Harding let it be known today that he is sending out a number of requests for personal and very informal conferences with men and women who have been eminent in the discussion of our foreign relations. These conferences will take place upon his return to Marion in December and will be individual and personal, with the main purpose of learning what policy may enlist general support."

"Senator Harding means to avoid any unseemly anticipation, but he feels it wholly becoming to get an expression entirely free from campaign bias and to get it at the earliest possible date. It is the first step toward the meeting of minds, which Senator Harding so frequently spoke of during the campaign. He did not make public any list, because it will not be complete before his vacation ends."

"Senator Harding further announced that no consideration would be given to a cabinet during his recreation period."

Officials close to the president-elect called attention that in his campaign speeches he promised repeatedly that the "meeting of minds" would begin as soon as possible after his election, and that he also frequently declared that the purpose of his consultations would be not to suggest any plan of his own, but to ascertain how divergent views might be so brought into harmony as to put a united nation behind him in his negotiations with other powers.

He also has indicated in campaign speeches that irreconcilable opponents of the League of Nations, as well as its ardent supporters, would be numbered among those to whose advice he would listen. To the Senate he promised to give a share of attention proportionate to its powers in perfecting treaties.

Although the president-elect has never named publicly any of those he will include in his consultations, speculation of a wholly unauthorized character has revolved persistently about a number of conspicuous figures who might answer the description Mr. Harding has laid down.

Senators To Be Heard

So far as the Senate itself is con-

cerned, this undercurrent of gossip has carried frequently the names of such republican senators as Lodge of Massachusetts, chairman of the foreign relations committee; Knox of Pennsylvania, a former secretary of state, and Senator Johnson of California, both irreconcilables, and Lenroot of Wisconsin, a leader of the reservationists. On the Democratic side there has been mention, among others, of Senators Underwood of Alabama, the party leader, Hitchcock, of Nebraska, who led the fight for unreserved ratification; Simmons of North Carolina and Robinson, of Arkansas.

Among those outside frequent speculative mention has been made of former President Taft, a leader for international peace and a supporter of the Versailles League; Herbert Hoover, another League advocate; Elihu Root, former secretary of state and a participant in the recent international court negotiations; Charles Evans Hughes, Republican presidential nominee four years ago; Henry White, a Republican member of President Wilson's peace commission; Myron T. Herrick, former ambassador to France; Henry P. Davison, head of the American Red Cross; former Senator George Sutherland of Utah and many other Republicans.

A shorter list of Democrats outside the Senate were also mentioned. Among them is Robert Lansing, former secretary of state and a member of the peace commission, often quoted in Mr. Harding's campaign as disagreeing with Mr. Wilson on some features of the Versailles covenant.

Others are Frank L. Polk, the State Department's former under-secretary; Chief Justice White and George Harvey, the New York editor.

There has been even less of speculation with regard to what women would be asked for advice in the making of the new plan for an international association. It is expected, however, that the senator will choose those who have been closely associated with public activities throughout the treaty fight so as to be familiar with the sentiments of their sisters regarding membership in the League or any substitute for it.

Whether the tentative list of names was one of the subjects reviewed in the talk between Mr. Harding and Mr. Hays was not revealed. It was understood that many topics came up for discussion, however, in the first meeting of the successful candidate and his manager since the election. They greeted each other warmly when Mr. Hays arrived and as soon as there had been an exchange of congratulations the president-elect put his arm around the shoulders of the chairman and, deeply engrossed in conversation, they walked slowly over to Mr. Harding's office.

It was Mr. Hays' forty-first birthday, and in explanation of the visit the president-elect said tonight he felt indebted to the chairman for a birthday party and so had asked him to be a guest throughout the day.

FLOUR PRICES FALL TO JANUARY, 1918, LEVEL

Minneapolis, Nov. 6.—Flour prices for family patients today dropped to a level not in effect since January 1918.

The reduction at one mill was 75 cents, which made its price \$10.75 a barrel, while another flouring concern's quotation fell 20 cents to a new low price of \$10.40.

The slump is attributed by millers to the weak wheat market.

THREE KANSAS WOMEN ELECTED TO LEGISLATURE

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 6.—Three women will sit in the Kansas Legislature this winter. All are Republicans. Mrs. Brininstool returns for the second term as Representative of Sedgewick County.

AUSTRALIAN JAM FOR U. S. A.

A Tasmanian company which it is claimed manufactures half the jam consumed in Australia and 90 per cent of that used in South Africa announces its intention to establish a branch factory in this country. It will have a capacity of 300,000 cans a day. The present output of the company is 500 cans a minute; the machinery makes, fills and labels the cans without human aid.

AGED INDIAN DIES.

A Digger Indian, Phillip Lefthand, has just joined the proverbial "good Indians" at the age of 138 years. It is claimed he was born in 1782—just a handful of years after the Revolution. Even then he didn't die of old age. While smoking, sparks from his pipe ignited his clothing and caused burns which resulted in his death at his tribal home in the Sierra Nevada mountains, in California.

The Government owns the copyright on the word "Liberty," as applied to airplane engines and parts.

Fordson TRADE MARK

Farm Tractor

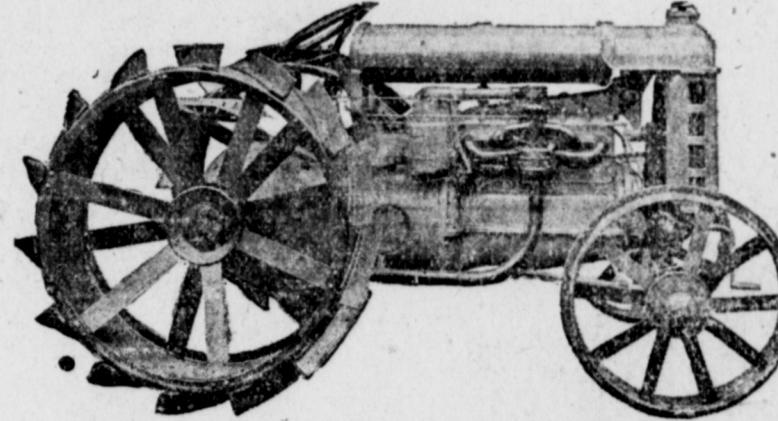
There is every reason in the world why every farmer should buy a Fordson Tractor, while there is not a single reason in the world why a farmer should not buy a Fordson Tractor.

In the claims we make for the Fordson Tractor as being the superior farm Tractor there is nothing of boasting. Our claims are based upon demonstrated facts. In every sensible test that has been made (and we don't believe in any jockeying or technical tests) but in the real common-sense work on the farm—the work the Tractor was intended to accomplish—we say, in all such tests the Fordson has stood head and shoulders above all competing Tractors. And this is best proven in the fact that while there are about three hundred thousand farm Tractors in use in the United States today, and while Tractors have been sold to farmers for twenty years, and while the Fordson Tractor has only been on the market two years, more than one-third of all the Tractors in use in the United States are Fordson Tractors.

Now you can't upset a fact. You can't back away from an established truth, and there it is—out of three hundred thousand Tractors, one hundred thousand are Fordsons, and there are probably some fifty different makes of Tractors on the market. Just let your common sense consider these facts. "Figs are not plucked from thistle bushes, nor plums from thorn trees."

The Fordson Tractor has the necessary power. It is economical in operation. It is flexible in control and operation. It is simple in design, and it is sturdily built of the best iron and steel. It is the product of the genius of Henry Ford, and it wasn't placed on the market until Henry Ford had tested it, and tested it, and tested it, before he asked the farmers to buy it. It is no idle faith that in the Fordson Tractor Henry Ford has given to mankind one of the greatest benefits which has ever come to civilized man.

Now we solicit every farmer to buy one or more Fordsons. Come in and see them. Come in and let us tell you more than we can in an advertisement. Let us demonstrate to you. Let us put it to every test that you ask. The Tractor is just as necessary for the farmer as water is in the house. Come in! Look the Fordson over, test it. Don't take any chances—don't experiment. Supply your farm with the Tractor of established value.



Beaver Dam Auto Company

BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY.

ONLY A COLD

BUT DON'T NEGLECT IT

A cold is an acute catarrh which can easily become chronic. A great many diseases may be traced to a catarrhal condition of the mucous membranes lining the organs or parts.

PE-RU-NA

AN IDEAL EMERGENCY REMEDY



Just a few doses taken in time have saved thousands from serious sickness. For fifty years Pe-Ru-Na has been the popular family medicine for coughs, colds, catarrh, stomach and bowel disorders and all diseases of catarrhal origin.

KEEP IT IN THE HOUSE
Tablets or Liquid
Sold Everywhere

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S
CASCARA QUININE
FOR Colds, Coughs AND Grippe
BROMIDE

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

GERMANS TO SEEK U. S. FRIENDSHIP

Pre-War Relations Chief Goal Of Republic Says Bernstorff

understanding of each other and upon the importance of the press in a mediatory role.

"Politically, we must not expect much" he declared. "The Monroe Doctrine is the one and only constant American foreign policy. The dogma of political isolation goes hand in hand with their economic relations with the whole world. This contradiction explains the wavering policy of President Wilson."

Bernstorff declared he did not believe President Harding's policy would be directed toward the isolation of America. He said:

"Senator Harding's aims, so far as can be seen from his speeches, runs parallel with the statements of Foreign Minister Simons, that Germany herself wants to follow a policy based upon right and justice."

Defending himself from reproaches that he was an advocate of the League of Nations Count Von Bernstorff said:

"We advocate the league idea. We never wanted the Versailles League, but we want to reform it to provide for disarmament and for the real self determination for all peoples."

For Germany, President Harding's program will be just as acceptable as any other if it leads to that goal."

LOCOMOTIVE COLLISION

Visitors to the Minnesota state fair recently witnessed a spectacular collision near St. Paul when two monster steel engines going at the rate of nearly 50 miles an hour met on the same track. With the locomotive racing furiously along to destruction the engineers jumped while the jumping was good. The exhibition cost \$40,000.

TRIPARTITE PACT SIGNED IN AUGUST

Great Britain, France And Italy Publish Their Agreement

Paris, Nov. 5.—France, Great Britain and Italy have signed a tripartite agreement in which they undertake to support each other in maintaining their "spheres of influence" in Turkey. The limits of the areas in which the respective special interests of France and Italy are recognized are defined by the same document:

This agreement, it developed today, was signed at Sevres August 10, the day the public ceremonial of the signing of the peace treaty with Turkey took place. Although the agreement, it is explained, is not considered secret, it nevertheless has never been made public until now after a lapse of nearly three months since the signing. Under its own terms the document was to come into force and be published at the time the Turkish peace treaty should go into effect. This date is still an uncertainty.

Text of Agreement.

In connection with examination of the text of the agreement, now available, attention is being called here to the fact that while the treaty defines the spheres of influence of France and Italy—recognizing the special interests of France in Cilicia and the western part of Kurdistan bordering on Syria and of Italy in Southern Anatolia—the British spheres of influence are not only undefined, but are not mentioned.

This has raised the question if the agreement is susceptible of the interpretation that the British interests may be held to extend to any or all the remaining parts of the Turkish empire.

It is noted also that while the agreement does not take the form of an alliance, it pledges the contracting powers to "render diplomatic support to each other in maintaining their respective positions in the areas in which their special interests are recognized."

One section of the document provides for the exploitation of the Bagdad railway by a company in which British, French and Italian capital is equally interested. It gives the exploitation of the Heraclian coal mines, between Konieh and Adana, to Italy.

Another Article X.

Article X of the agreement provides that nothing contained in it shall reduce the rights of nationals of non-signatory states to free access to the various areas for commercial and economic purposes.

The preamble of the document reads:

"Being anxious to help Turkey develop her resources, and to avoid the international rivalries which have obstructed these objects in the past, and being desirous to meet the request of the Turkish government that it receive necessary assistance in the recognition of justice, the finances, the gendarmerie and of the police, in the protection of religious, racial and linguistic minorities, and the economic development of the country; considering that autonomy or eventual independence of Kurdistan has been recognized by them, and that it is desirable with a view to facilitating the development of that country and make provision for any assistance it may require in its administration and to avoid international rivalries in such matters; recognizing the respective special interests of Italy and southern Anatolia and of France in Cilicia and the western part of Kurdistan bordering on Syria up to Jezireh-Ibn-Omar as these areas are hereafter defined, and the British, Italian and French governments have agreed upon the following:

Will Protect Religion.

"Article I—There shall be equality in Turkey between the contracting powers in the composition of all international commissions, whether existing or to be established, charged with the organization and supervision of the different public services and for insuring the protection of racial, religious and linguistic minorities. However, in the event the Turkish government of Kurdistan is desirous of obtaining external assistance in the local administration or policing of areas in which the special interests of France and Italy are respectively recognized the contracting powers undertake not to dispute the preferred claim of the power, whose special interests in such area are recognized to supply such assistance. This assistance shall be specially directed to enhancing the protection afforded to the racial and linguistic minorities of said areas."

Article II provides that the products and manufactured articles com-

ing from or going to the territories, dominions, colonies or protectorates of the contracting powers shall enjoy in the areas defined perfect equality in all matters relating to commerce and navigation. The next article reads:

To Support Each Other.

"Article III—The contracting powers undertake to render diplomatic support to each other in maintaining their respective positions in the areas in which their special interests are recognized."

Article IV provides that the Anatolian railway, the Mersina-Tarsus-Adana railway and that part of the Bagdad railway lying in Turkish territory as defined by the treaty with Turkey, shall be worked by a company with its capital furnished equally by British, French and Italian financial groups. The French government, under this article, has the privilege of exchanging its interests in the Bagdad railway for the exclusive exploitation of the railroads within its area of special interest.

The signatories agree to support the unification in the near future of the entire railway system in the territory remaining Turkish by the establishment of a joint company to work those lines.

Equality of treatment regarding railway rates and facilities for passengers, whatever their nationality, destination or origin, is provided for.

Article V fixes the boundaries of the areas in which the special interests are recognized. The next article is as follows:

"Article VI—The mandatory powers for the territories detached from the former Turkish Empire will enjoy vis-a-vis with the contracting powers the same rights and privileges as the powers whose special interests are recognized in the area defined in Article V."

Article VII reserves to Italy the right of the exploitation of the Heraclian coal basin.

By Article VIII, the French and Italian governments agree to withdraw their troops from the respective areas, when the signatories are agreed in considering the treaty of peace with Turkey is being executed.

By Article IX, the signatories with special interests accept responsibility for supervising the execution of the terms of the treaty with Turkey for the protection of minorities within their respective areas.

The agreement is to be ratified, it is provided in Article XI, and be communicated to the Turkish government and to be published and come into force at the same time the Turkish peace treaty goes into effect.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. Ballard's Snow Liniment possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

WILSON NOT TO SET DEBS FREE

Washington, Nov. 6.—President Wilson is understood to have no intention of pardoning Eugene V. Debs, who is serving a ten-year sentence in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta for violation of the espionage act.

The position taken by the President, according to those who profess to know his views, is that executive clemency in such a case would set a bad precedent and would encourage others to oppose the Government in the event of another war.

Debs was convicted at Cleveland September 12, 1918, on three counts, jury finding him guilty of attempting to incite insubordination and disloyalty in the military and naval forces, attempting to obstruct recruiting and provoke and encourage resistance to the United States and to promote the cause of the enemy.

A pardon for Debs and others convicted of violating the espionage act has been urged by a number of organizations, including the American Federation of Labor, which at its last annual convention at Montreal, Canada, authorized a committee to confer with Attorney General Mitchell Palmer on the matter.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA SNOW IN COLORADO

Depths up to five feet of snow are reported as covering western Colorado in one of the heaviest of early snow storms in years. Mountain roads are closed and many fruit trees have been broken under the heavy weight of snow, resulting in enormous losses in unpicked fruit. Temperature fell to 6 degrees above zero.

FRAUD CRY MADE TO APPEASE LOSERS

Many of the Faithful Took First Tips and Lost, Thus The Soothing "Stuff"

(Louisville Herald)

A story of the real reason underlying the Democratic cry of fraud in the Kentucky mountains was going the rounds in Louisville yesterday. According to this report, which came from well-informed centers, a large number of Kentucky Democrats, deluded by the erroneous figures given out by Democratic state headquarters on the Ernst-Beckham race election night and Wednesday, were led to wager large sums of money on a Beckham victory.

Since it de cloped so clearly that the Democratic claims were wholly unfounded, many of those who put up big amounts on Beckham have not taken kindly to the "headquarters advice."

This situation, so the story goes, gave rise to the outcry of fraud as an alibi for the Democratic misinformation as to the actual figures on the Beckham race.

A Louisville Republican gave his version of the case yesterday. He said:

"Tuesday night Louisville adherents of Senator Beckham were sanguine. That was before the truth dawned upon them."

"After Tuesday night, they became sanguine. That was after the truth—the awful truth—had filtered thru the smoke screen of the 'fraud' cry and revealed as that cry's inspiration some very inexpert 'dope' that had been dished out to the faithful at Democratic headquarters."

"There are a lot of angry Democrats in Louisville. They are those Democrats who have the betting yen—the Democrats who backed some other fellow's judgment with their own money."

"It was never believed, after 10 o'clock, by the 'higher-ups' at Democratic headquarters that Beckham was elected. That the reverse was the fact became apparent to them early in the game. Unfortunately, however, the confidence of the leaders in J. C. W.'s re-election was so great before the polls closed that they 'touted' the friends who came to them for inside information to have no hesitancy in going forth upon the highways and the byways and gobbling up all the Ernst money gobble. And they did that very thing. From the hour the polls closed, Beckham money in Louisville was thicker than Democrats in Graves county. The faithful bet and bet and then bet again."

"Wednesday morning, the same faithful who had been victim-hunting the night before began to be as sailed by disturbing headquarters with a demand to know just what was what."

"Then came the cry of 'fraud.'

"'If Ernst wins,' said the higher-ups, 'it is stolen for him. Our figures last night were correct. They showed Ernst was beaten.'

"But it so chanced that their 'figures' were not correct. They were the barest sort of estimates, in which the Beckham vote in the western section of Kentucky was grossly overstated and the Ernst vote in the Republican sections of the mountains was understated.

"There is unrest at Democratic headquarters. The 'boys are 'sore.' They were 'touted' wrong by men who, they are beginning to say aloud, inspired them to risk real money on the merest guesses. It is not to be expected that the 'boys' in the face of events since election night, are to be put off with any such thing as a tale of 'erroneous' figures. So 'fraud' is cited. For 'fraud,' as will be admitted, is a better alibi than misleading figures."

Stop coughing! You rack your lungs and worry the body. Ballard's Horehound Syrup checks irritation, eases the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Company.

FARMERS LOSE ON CATTLE

A survey conducted during the last two winters in northern Illinois showed small actual profit in the production of beef for those years, according to the department of agriculture. The bulk of the cattle cost between \$12 and \$17 a hundred-weight to raise. Counting corn at its farm price, 40 per cent of the cattle showed a profit the first year and only five per cent the second. Considering what the stock raisers could have received from the sale of the corn with which they fed their stock, the average loss per head ranged from about

Illinois Central's 1920 Bill For

New Equipment Totals \$27,109,768

The railroads of the United States have not been able to move promptly all the traffic offered, and business has suffered. This condition has been caused, very largely, by a lack of locomotives and cars. The railroads are not to blame. For a decade preceding the war an anti-railroad spirit prevented the levying of rates which would guarantee an investment return sufficient to attract capital for financing the purchasing of adequate equipment; and during Federal control equipment purchased fell far short of the average of the preceding years.

Now that the railroads have been returned to the control of their owners and more adequate rates have been awarded, the purchase of equipment has increased greatly. The Illinois Central has placed orders to date for locomotives and cars which will cost \$27,109,768. The purchases include:

150 Locomotives
2150 Coal Cars
1000 Refrigerator Cars
500 Stock Cars
300 Box Cars
200 Flat Cars

20 Suburban Coaches
12 Compartment Coaches
18 Baggage Cars
5 Dining Cars
50 Caboose Cars

A part of this equipment has been received. Further deliveries are under way, and will be kept up for a period of twelve months.

The 150 locomotives cost \$11,809,675. One hundred are for freight service and are 40 per cent larger in tractive power than any now in general use on our lines. Twenty-five are for passenger service and twenty-five are for switch service. Their delivery will begin this month and will be completed early next year.

The 4,150 freight cars cost \$13,473,600. We received 1,500 coal cars. The delivery of the remainder has begun and will extend over a period of twelve months.

The fifty-five cars for passenger train service cost \$1,675,493. They will be delivered during the first three months of next year.

The fifty caboose cars cost \$150,000. Nineteen have been delivered—the balance will be ready January 1st.

In addition to this amount expended for new equipment, the Illinois Central System has appropriated \$8,000,000 since the return of its property for enlargement of roadway facilities. Much of this work is under way.

While the growth of the Illinois Central System may not have kept pace with the growth of business in the territory served by it, that it has not stood still is evidenced by the fact that during the past ten years it has expended \$169,279,178 for additions and betterments to its property.

Your attention is invited to these figures as testimony that our first consideration is service to the public.

Constructive criticism and suggestions are invited.

C. H. MARKHAM,
President, Illinois Central Railroad Company.

It's dollars to doughnuts—

no man ever smoked a better
cigarette at any price!

CAMEL quality, and their expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos hand you a cigarette that will satisfy every smoke desire you ever expressed. You will prefer this Camel blend to either kind smoked straight!

Camels mellow-mildness will certainly appeal to you. The "body" is all there, and that smoothness! It's a delight!

Go the limit with Camels! They will not tire your taste. And, they leave no unpleasant cigarette aftertaste nor unpleasant cigarette odor!

Just compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-sealed carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Camel CIGARETTES

\$8 the first year to \$34 the second. In rare instances farmers are known to have made \$50 per head but the general record of these two years was anything but encouraging.

**LIMBURGER MUCH
TO SMELLIFEROUS!**

A stink was raised in a Kansas City court when Mrs. Erin Adams

cited an assault upon her esthetic person with over-ripe limburger as strong evidence in her claim for \$75,550 damages. It appeared that she purchased the cheese at a nearby grocery and upon opening the package found the cheese had lost its normalcy. It was "very objectionable and sensitive to the smell," she said, and when she sought to return it to the grocer he became enraged and threw the limburger at the plaintiff's head. It struck her with great force, filling her eyes and her hair, covering her clothes, neck and shoulders and "creating a great and sickening stench." She does not state just whether she believes limburger should contain more than one-half of one per cent smell and what amount would be considered intoxicating—Pathfinder.

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FRIDAY NOVEMBER 12

We hereby nominate the Editor of
the Louisville Times to be Minister
Plenipotentiary of the United States
in the Court of the King of Hedjaz.

Now, that the election is over the
next big event to look forward to is
the proposed battle for the World's
heavy weight championship, July 4th,
1921, between Jack Dempsey and
Gergas Carpenter.

Some four or five weeks ago Presi-
dent Wilson addressed Senator Hard-
ing as a mere private citizen, and the
next time we hear of the President
addressing Harding he is offered a
Battle Ship upon which to make a
voyage. Pretty rapid evolution, is
it not?

Uncle Samuel Gompers is out in a
statement which reads in part, as
follows:

"The nonpartisan political policy
of the Labor Federation is more
completely justified than ever and
the futility of separate party ac-
tion more convincingly demon-
strated."

In truth Mr. Gompers as a partic-
ian, did his best to throw Organized
Labor to the Cox Ticket, but when
the general result is surveyed it
would appear that his effort was just
about the most futile thing we know
of. Evidently those within labor or-
ganizations voted according to the
dictates of their own conscience, an
act now commanded by the aged lead-
er of the Federation, notwithstanding
he so lately bent his efforts in the
other direction.

In an editorial in the Louisville
Times of the 5th Inst., on the League
of Nations, we find the following
sentences: "If America remains out-
side where can America look for
help in case of foreign aggression;
on the other hand, if America
should invade Mexico, a member of
the League, it would be incumbent on
the League to defend Mexico's bor-
ders and BANDITS." The Times
would not have made that admission
before the election for any reasonable
sum. That is just what killed off
Cox's chance for election, if he ever
had any. We certainly must have
been delivered by the wise hand of
the Good Lord. Incumbent upon us to
defend bandits, that is what our
acceptance of the League would have
brought, by the admission, of the
Times, after the election. We really
wish the Times had omitted BAN-
DITS.

From this date to November 1923
and 24, and as long thereafter as
desirable, we invite all men and
women to make special observation
of one or two things, chief among
which is the charge made everywhere
if there appeared a semblance of a
chance to arouse prejudice, that in
case the Republicans won out in
the election just past, we would have
mixed white and colored schools and
social equality of the races. Kentucky
has a Republican Administration
and after March the 4th next, ad-
ministration of public affairs in every
department under which we live
will be by the hand of Republicans.
Now please watch closely, discover
if you may, any trend toward mixed
schools in Ohio County and Kentucky.
Then if conditions with reference to
the charge, made for the sole pur-
pose of engendering race hatred and
holding voters by blind partisanship
is not fully exploded, we will ac-
knowledge that there was ground on
which to base the charge. If ob-
servant experience proves different
acknowledgement of error ought to be
made by those who were so glib and
ready with the false charge. People

with sense, men and women who can
view dispassionately, conditions as
really existing, owe it to themselves
and to the public to chronicle their
observations during the coming three
or four years, along the lines indicated,
and if the calumnious campaign
charges be exploded to the unbiased
satisfaction of the fair observer
then all justice loving voters of every
party, should unite in burying
any individual who would dare stir up
prejudice by silly and idiotic charges
solely for political gain, in utter
and absolute oblivion by their bal-
lots. It is a well-known fact that
the colored people of this section do
not desire mixed schools. If the
question should be put up to them for
decision we doubt not that not one in
50 would favor it. They do not
wish to become associates of the
white people, but no one with any
sense of justice will deny the fact that
the colored people are entitled to a
square deal, and equal justice. We
can't imagine a person who would
withhold from any one, be he white
or black, an opportunity to do the
best he can. There are lots of people
who do not associate with all of
the white people whom they know,
not because they are white, however,
and you might as well say that be-
cause you refuse their association,
they are not entitled to any sort of
chance. Superiority, whether real or
imaginary does not entitle one to
withhold a just decision and equal
justice to all people at all times and
everywhere. Personal association
of each individual is a matter for
individual determination, that is,
provided it does not adversely affect
the best interest of the community
in which the individual resides.
Again, watch the results, make per-
sonal observation.

THE NATIONAL GUARD

Considerable attention is being given
to a reorganization and strength-
ening of the United States National
Guard. Pay is allowed to all men
serving in the guard for all services,
including all drills, encampments, or
other services. The policy of the

Adjutant General in this state is not
to draft men for service in strikes
or riots, but to call only for volunteers
from the various organized
companies for this service.

The whole National Guard Orga-
nization is based upon a better
plan than heretofore.

For many years there has been a
splendid company of National Guard
in Ohio County, and one is being orga-
nized now. Those desiring to en-
list should see Dr. A. B. Riley, A. D.
Kirk, or Robert Mason. Enlistments
also will be received at the Restau-
rant of J. R. Taylor, Hartford, Ky.

HONOR STUDENTS IN HART- FORD SCHOOL FOR OCTOBER

Senior Class.

Douglas Williams, Emily Pendleton
Margaret King, Amelia Pirtle, Flora
Rhoads, Kittle Bess Dodson, Louisa
Williams, Sallye Shultz, Freeman
Schampire, Barbour Williams.

Junior Class.

Sallye Laura Williams, Gola Ben-
nett, Geneva Travis, Ella Henry, Ma-
ry Lidley, Bessie Clark, Marion Hill.

Sophomore Class.

Ersell Bennett, Luther Turner,
Beatrice Bean, Emily Bell, Lorene
Westerfield, Virgil Crowe, Lena Hen-
ry, Nelly Roeder, David Bishop,
Myrtle Payne, Elizabeth Cook, Otis
Ashby, George DeBruler, Isabel Acton.

Freshman Class.

Mary Baker, Pauline Williams,
Victoria Canary, Samuel Miller, Earl
Bartlett, Edith Tinsley, Nora Bell
Wilson, Mercedese Baird, Lucile Wester-
field, Forrest Casebier, Carroll
Whittaker, Fronia Dever, Royold
Estes, Eulah Bean, Martine Sproule,
Isabel Tinsley, Bertram Neighbors,
Otha Lee, James Bozarth, Cora Ha-
german, Anna Bell King, Beatrice
Leach, Geneva Howard, Lydia Pirtle,
Walter Westerfield, Delbert Whittaker
Era Barnes, Mary Ellen Duke,
Corinne Ward, Claudie Allen, Hallie
Bell Allen, Bonnie Sosh, Elton Tichenor,
Hubert Lindley, Beatrice Ford,
Ruth Lowe.

8th Grade.

Emily Fair Riley, Tryphena How-
ard, Euell Williams, Virginia Lauter-
wasser, Elenor Seibert, Irene Lee,
Ferdinand Pirtle, William Bean, Tim
McCoy, Evan Render, Lovel Travis,
Jesse Sheffield, Orville Harrison.

7th Grade.

Alice Henry, Gabbie Lamon, Thel-
ma Estes, Helen Westerfield, Lois
Wilson, Lillian Schampire, Mary L.
Tappan, Moody Ralph, Ernest An-
derson, Edith Bell King.

6th Grade.

Geneva Black, Mortie Walker,
Kenneth Birkhead, Nellie Grey Wil-
son, Connie Smith, Irene Stone, Vir-
ginia Leach, Evelyn Rhoades.

5th Grade.

A. K. Anderson, Elma Schlemmer,
Thomas Schroeter, Katherine Ander-
son, Helen Pirtle, Maudra Baize,
Gertrude Wheeler.

STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Tennessee, it seems, is correctly
dubbed the "Volunteer State."

We see our venerable friend, How-
ard Ellis, driving a delivery wagon
and doing various sorts of real work
since the election. Some good sure-
ly doth result from every evil.

It's getting to be just about that
season of the year when we are going
to expect some of our farmer friends
to fetch us about 3/4 of a yard off of
the rear end of a backbone of a nice,
bob-tailed hog.

We met friend tother day and
asked him how things were going.
He replied in a dejected, downcast
and heart-broken air. Oh! bad enough
bad enough, everything's gone wrong,
there's nothing brewing. It was two
days before we figured out just what
the trouble was with said friend.

We notice that Chairman Grayot
says that many negro women voted
in knee dresses in the election of Nov.
2, and he therefore charges that fraud
was committed. Gosh! Man, we saw
lots of white women do the same
thing here. This is just one more
sin covered by short skirts. What
was Mister Grayot doing on election
day?

Scud and Birkhead will likely
buy a farm soon, as they put out
several caskets last week, tho we
feel like they ought to set apart
about 1-16 of one per cent of the
profit made on one job and buy a
black silk hat for Scud. He might
not look good but there's no denying
the fact that a high silk sky-piece and
a long-tailed coat adorned with lu-
minous brass buttons would improve
his appearance and lend dignity to
his doings.

We made ourself believe that we
had been working tolerably faithful
for quite a spell, and therefore, enti-
tled to make a get-away for two
or three days. We did our level best
for the "Old Sheet" up to Wednesday
and it was not go at all or leave on
Wednesday, so we broke away on
that day. If you don't like the paper
this week just go to Duke and Peggy,
and if you fall on getting satisfaction
from them you have my permission
to go to the Devil.

CLEAR RUN.

Molasses making is about over
here, and corn gathering is now on
hand, and the farmers are very busy.

Mrs. Ula Henning has been very
sick of malarial fever for two weeks,
but is better at this time.

Mrs. Hardin Hoover, whose name
was mentioned on the sick list two
weeks ago, is able now, to be up.

Master Henry Trogdon, son of C.
W. Trogdon, has been quite sick, but
is better now.

Mr. Henry Purdue and wife have
moved into the house with Mr. Earl
Thomasson.

Mrs. Gertry Funk is teaching a
good school at Taylor's School house.

Jesse Hoover, of Centertown, was
the week-end guest of relatives here.

COOPER BROS.

Reduction Sale

BEGINS

Saturday, Nov. 13th, 1920

And Closes February 1, 1921

To buy at these special prices you must pay Cash, or Produce. We do this in order to reduce our stock, and give to the trade seasonable merchandise at re-adjustment price. We will give 20 per cent reduction on MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, OVERCOATS, and RAINCOATS; and LADIES' SUITS, COAT SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, SKIRTS, RAINCOATS and SWEATERS.

We have a large stock of Ladies' and Misses' Hats, new and up-to-date—the very latest styles, and we will make a special discount on them of 33 1-3 per cent. So be sure and give us a look.

We will reduce the price 10 per cent on everything except Feed, Flour and Groceries.

We have a large stock of Shoes, Overshoes, Gum Boots, Gum Shoes, Silks, Percales, Ginghams, Woolen Goods. In fact, we have a new and up-to-date line of General Merchandise.

COOPER BROS.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

HARTFORD TRIUMPHS

Local Basket Ball Team Wins Over
Fordsville—Two games On
To-night.

The Hartford High School Basket
Ball Team went to Fordsville Friday
afternoon and played the first
match game of the season with the
High School Team of that place.
Hartford won by a score of 12 to 5.
A good bunch of enthusiastic rooters
was at the train to see the boys off
on the "Local" and put the pep and
determination into them to come
home victorious. The game was a
splendid exhibition of good, clean
sportsmanship, both teams putting
into it their very best and upholding
the high standards of their
respective schools. Ellis and Crowe
took care of the goal pitching for
Hartford, while Griffith and LaGrand
performed the same for Fordsville.
Playing on an outdoor court did not
seem to bother the Hartford boys a
bit and the Fordsville put up a good
fight, the game belonged to the former
from the first.

These two teams will clash on
the Locals' Court tonight, when a
strong come-back of Fordsville High
is promised. The girls' teams repre-
senting these schools, will also stage
a game on the Hartford court tonight.
A good double bill ought to be in
store for the fans.

SENATOR HARDING A MASON

The Pathfinder in answer to a recent
question, stated that Senator
Harding was a member of the Odd
Fellows and also the Moose order.
A letter from Harley E. Koons, of
Marion, Ohio, says that he is also a
member of the Masons, the Knights
of Pythias, the Elks, and the Sons
of the American Revolution.—Pathfind-
er.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

Cromwell Lodge No. 692, F. & A.
M. Cromwell, Ky. Oct. 30, 1920.

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty
God in His infinite wisdom to call
from labor on earth to that Celestial
Lodge on High, our beloved brother,
J. H. Leach, who departed this life
Oct. 29, 1920.

Be it resolved that in his death
Cromwell Lodge No. 692 F. & A. M.
has lost one of its oldest and most
esteemed members, his family a kind
husband and father, and his country
a true and upright citizen.

Brother Leach was born April 1st,

1839, died October 29, 1920, which
made him 81 years, 6 months and 23
days of age. He was made a mason
in 1867 since which time he has been
an encourager and promoter of our
art.

Be it further resolved that a copy
of these resolutions be spread upon
our lodge record, a copy sent to the
bereaved family, and a copy sent to
the Masonic Home Journal for pub-
lication.

C. V. PORTER,
A. E. SANDEFUR,
AVERY STEWART,
Committee.

LIGHT AND WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the
Kentucky Light and power Company,
incorporated, is not able to operate
under the burden of high taxes and
high prices and that on the 31st day
of December, 1920, it will discontinue
furnishing both light and water, and the
corporation will be dissolved.

M. L. HEAVRIN, President.
ERNEST WOODWARD, Secy.
E. G. BARRASS, Treas-Mgr.

September 25, 1920. 13tf

NOTICE.

The last call for taxes until the
penalty and interest is added.

Please get busy and pay
your taxes and save the
interest and cost.

S. A. BRATCHER,
Sheriff Ohio County.

MORE 1920 CROP

BURLEY IS SOLD

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 10—Burley
tobacco of the 1920 crop was sold on
the local breaks again today for the
second time this season. The top
price was \$22 a hundred pounds, the



Coat Suits and Coats

New Things Are Added Weekly to Our Ready-to-Wear Department

For this week we have some late models at reduced prices. Remember, that when you visit this department, you will have a large assortment to select from, comprising all the new weaves and shades, at prices from

\$18.00 to \$65.00

If interested, call and see us. Trade with your home merchant, and thereby save money on your ready-to-wear garments.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY..... NOVEMBER 12

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Mr. H. L. Taylor, of near Rochester, was in town Tuesday.

Barrel of fresh Sour Kraut at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. Rowan Holbrook was in Owensboro Wednesday, on business.

We pay cash every day for eggs and poultry. W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Rowan Holbrook spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Owensboro.

We have Rye, Red Top and Timothy Seed. ACTON BROS.

Mr. Wm. O. Widick, of Earlington, was here last week-end visiting friends.

Mrs. John Daniel, of Beaver Dam, was the guest of Mrs. Step Sosh last Tuesday.

Mrs. Harvey Tichenor, of Beaver Dam, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Alex Grigsby.

Miss Bessie Clark returned Sunday from a few days' visit with relatives in Louisville.

Miss Pansy Wilson and brother, of near Prentiss, were week-end guests of Mrs. John B. Wilson.

Hon. Alvis S. Bennett, of Louisville, spent from Friday until Tuesday here with relatives.

Mr. G. H. Roberts, of Fordsville, spent the week end here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Keown.

A nice line of fresh Oysters, counts, selects and standards at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. and Mrs. Henderson Murphree are spending this week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Liggon, in Frankfort.

Mrs. B. S. Tanner, of Portsmouth, Ohio, is here for a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Bean.

Mr. E. Y. Park, of Central City, was here the first of this week.

All kinds of fresh Fruits and Candies at TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mr. Joe Bellamy, of Deanfield, was in Hartford Monday, on business.

Mrs. Cora Renfrow, of Dundee, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Minnie W. Lee.

Mesdames E. E. Birkhead and H. E. Mischke were in Owensboro Wednesday, shopping.

Mrs. Arthur Petty, of Henderson, will arrive here tomorrow, to spend several days with relatives.

Miss Etta Holder is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Bright, of near Hardinsburg.

FOR SALE—1 yoke good, heavy work Cattle. L. D. FULKERSON, Echols, Ky.

Misses Anna Rae Carson and Mary Ellen Moore, of Louisville, are week-end guests of Miss Martha Caroline Pate, at Lexington.

Mr. C. C. Wedding, of Chicago, Ill., visited his father, Judge R. R. Wedding, and Mrs. Wedding, here last week-end.

Miss Amelia Mae Barnett has accepted a position as Assistant Clerk in the Post Office here and began her new duties Tuesday.

Mrs. Pearl Schroeter and father, Mr. Pete Thomas, returned Tuesday from a few days' visit with relatives in Louisville.

Mr. W. S. Tinsley and Dr. J. R. Pirtle left here Wednesday morning for a few days' outing at the mouth of Grassy Creek.

Messrs. J. T. (Tobe) Hoover, B. W. Rial and Squire Leslie Combs, of near town, made a business trip to Owensboro, Monday.

Mr. M. L. McCracken, County Farm Demonstrator, has moved into the Harry P. Taylor office, recently used as Republican Headquarters.

East Nocreek school will give a pie supper, Saturday night, November 13. Everybody invited. C. B. SHOWN, Teacher.

Squire W. S. Dean, Mrs. Dean and son, of Dundee, were guests Sunday of Mrs. Minnie W. Lee, of this place.

Mr. Henry Leach, proprietor of the Ohio County Drug Company, went to Evansville Tuesday, on a business mission.

Mr. McDowell Fair, of North Chattanooga, Tenn., came home last Friday, to be present at the funeral of his father, Mr. G. G. Fair.

Miss Evelyn Fair Thomas, of the Livermore High School, returned here Friday to attend the funeral of her grandfather, Mr. G. G. Fair.

Miss Mattie Bonner Barrett will return to her home at Barrett's Ferry today, after spending a week with her brother, L. G. Barrett, here.

Fresh Groceries, Confectionaries, Cigars and Tobacco at prices you will be pleased with.

ARTHUR LEACH,
At L. Minton Stand

Rev. Birch Shields, Mr. R. B. Martin, and Miss Harriet Flener, of Cromwell, attended the funeral of Mr. George G. Fair, at this place, last Friday.

Judge W. H. Barnes, accompanied by Mrs. Barnes, are expected to return tomorrow, from Wabash, Ind., where Judge Barnes has been on legal business.

ESTRAYED—Red Cow, 10 years old, crop off each ear. Left home July 4th. Notify

C. B. FELTY,
20t2p Simmons, Ky.

When hungry come to my place. Choice lunches on short notice, something that satisfies.

ARTHUR LEACH,
At Minton's Old Stand

Mrs. T. B. Frazier and son, Mr. E. Frazier, of Clarksville, Tenn., returned home Wednesday, after visiting Mrs. Frazier's son, Rev. T. T. Frazier and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. King, who have been residing in Decatur, Ill., for several months, returned here last week, and will make their future home in "old Hartford."

Word has been received by relatives here that Mrs. James Lyons, formerly of this city, was operated on last Friday, at the St. Joseph's Hospital, Louisville, and is doing nicely.

Mr. Lyman G. Barrett accompanied Mrs. Barrett to Stanley Saturday, where Mrs. Barrett will spend a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Culley. Mr. Barrett returned Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. C. E. Smith left Tuesday for Moberly, Mo., from where she and her sister, Mrs. C. W. Evans, will go to Fort Lyons, Colo., to spend about a month with Mrs. Evans' son, who is in a hospital there.

A telegram was received here Monday by Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Tinsley, apprising them of the fact that their son, Raymer W., of Houston, Tex., underwent a successful operation Sunday night, for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. James Nance, of Owensboro, came up Sunday to visit Mrs. Nance's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Woodward and other relatives. Mr. Nance returned Monday, while Mrs. Nance will spend the week here.

Mrs. Anna T. Nall and daughter, Miss Zella Mae, and son, Henry, left here Wednesday, for Southern California, where they will spend the winter months with Mrs. Nall's daughter, Mrs. John V. Britton and family.

Mrs. Roy A. Sommers and two little children, of Washington, D. C., who had been visiting friends here a few days, returned to Owensboro Sunday, where she had formerly been visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. F. Vickers, and other relatives.

Don't waste the long, winter evenings that are coming. Enjoy them reading your favorite magazines. We have a large line of Periodicals. If we do not have your favorites we will gladly get them for you.

TAYLOR'S RESTAURANT.

Mrs. Charlie King and little son, of Decatur, Ill., are visiting friends and relatives at McHenry and other points in the County. Mr. King, who had been in Decatur for some time has gone to Springfield, where Mrs. King will join him on leaving Ohio County.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Stewart and little son, Chester, and Mr. C. F. Schapmire spent Sunday as the guests of Mrs. Stewart's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bud Raymer, of Neafus.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Carter and Mrs. R. E. Haynes, of Huntsville, Ala., who had been visiting friends and relatives in Owensboro, spent Monday with Mrs. Haynes' brother, Mr. H. H. Sinnett, and Mrs. Sinnett, of near town. They stopped here, enroute to Bowling Green Tuesday, to greet old friends.

GOOD REVIVAL IS CLOSED TOO EARLY

The Evangelistic services which had been in progress for 15 days at the Hartford Baptist Church, came to a close Sunday night. The Singer, Bro. E. A. Petroff, had serious sickness in his home and had to leave suddenly. The Evangelist, Rev. T. T. Martin, allowed himself to become confused in his dates and let some of them overlap, so felt that he would have to close the meeting here to meet other engagements. The meeting closed just when it should have gone on. The interest had been aroused, there had been a few professions of faith and 9 additions to the Church when the services closed.

OHIO COUNTY BOY MAKING GOOD

Herbert Felix '16 has left the army, after considering staying in the regular service, and is head of the department of mathematics and supervisor of military training in the high school at Ada, Oklahoma. He was commissioned a lieutenant in the Third Officers' Training School and signed to the Ninth Field Artillery at Fort Sill, Okla., where he remained for several months after the end of the war.—The Kentucky Kernel.

M. L. McCRAKEN ENTERTAINS COURT

County Agent M. L. McCracken, and Mrs. McCracken, entertained the Fiscal Court at dinner Tuesday, in their new home on Walnut Street. In addition to the County Judge and other members of the Court, Sheriff S. A. Bratcher, Jailer Worth Tichenor, County Clerk W. C. Blankenship, Mrs. Blankenship, Miss Myrtle Maddox and James Tate were also guests.

ACTON—COOK

Miss Isabell Acton and Mr. Jess Cook, both of Dundee, eloped to Rockport, Ind., and were married last Friday afternoon.

Miss Acton was a member of the Sophomore class in the high school here and has made many friends who will wish for the young couple, every happiness. Mr. Cook is a son of Mr. Ed Cook, a progressive merchant, of Dundee, where the young people will reside.

SUCCESSFUL SINGING CONVENTION CONDUCTED AT LIBERTY

The Ohio County Singing Convention met at Liberty Church, Sunday October 31, and was called to order by Horace Taylor. Opening song, Revive us Again; prayer by T. R. Bennett. Officers elected were: Ozona Shultz, Chairman and L. B. Longine Secretary.

7 classes reported ready to sing, as follows: Williams Mines, Bert Lee leader; Independence, Eugene Hibbs, leader; Central Grove, Willie I. Iglesias, leader; Pond Run, Owen Sandefur, leader; Marvins Chapel, Ernest Duke, leader; Mt. Hermon, Lydia Westerfield, leader.

Each class sang beautiful selection both in the forenoon and afternoon, after which they adjourned to meet with Independence next 5th Sunday.

Great interest is being manifested in these meetings and leaders are doing a great work in awakening religious feeling among the people and will be a great benefit to the churches which they represent. Liberty certainly entertained the Convention in high order. The music from all the classes was of the best selections and better rendered than any previous meeting.

NEW BUTCHER SHOP.

We have opened up an up-to-date butcher shop in connection with our grocery, and will have constantly on hand fresh beef and pork. Your patronage solicited.

DEVER BROS.

PARENT-TEACHER ASSOCIATION TO MEET NOV. 12, 1920

3 O'CLOCK P. M.

Song.
Devotional Exercises—Rev. Frazier
Transaction of business.
Music—Mrs. Pearl Schroeter.
Duty of The Parent Toward The Child in School—Rev. Frazier.
Music—To be supplied.
Paper on P. T. A.—Mrs. E. S. Howard.
Solo—Mrs. Otto C. Martin.

Let Munsingwear Union Suit You



made union suits popular. The proof of this is in the fact that the sale of Munsingwear garments—mostly union suits—now exceeds 10,000,000 yearly and the demand is growing at the rate of a million a year.

The reasons—remarkably correct fit—unusual comfort—washability—durability.

Munsingwear offers you an unusually high quality at an unusually low price.

No matter what your build, or how hard you are to fit, there's a correct Munsingwear garment for you in any desired style, fabric or weight.

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.

Cattle—Receipts 519 head; for the three days 5,458. A fair number of cattle arrived for the midweek trading. Prices were barely steady with opening day's material declines where sales were affected. Market, however, was dull and draggy and buyers slow in taking hold. Heavy steer trade weak, with several loads on hand. Limited demand for the best hand-weight butchers; medium and inferior grades slow and further losses noted from Monday. Canners and cutters about steady. Bull values generally unchanged. Milk cow trade slow. Fair call for the best quality feeding and stocker cattle; plainer kinds neglected. Common trashy stockers hard to move at unevenly lower rates.

Quotations: Prime heavy steers \$10.50@12; heavy shipping steers \$9@10; medium steers \$8@9; light steers \$7@8; fat heifers \$5.50@8.50; fat cows \$6@7.50; medium cows \$4.50@6; cutters \$4@4.50; canners \$3@3.50; bulls \$4.50@6.50; feeders \$7@10; stockers \$5@7.50; choice milch cows \$8@90; medium \$60@80; common \$40@60.

Calves—Receipts 291 head for the three days 1,037. Prices declined \$1 on all grades. Best veals \$13.50@14; medium to good \$7@11; common \$5@6.

Hogs—A fairly active call was noted for choice hogs, but prices declined 25¢ on all weights in sympathy with further declines elsewhere. Best hogs, 120 pounds and up \$13; pigs 90 to 120 pounds \$12.25; 90 pounds down \$10.75; throwouts \$10.75 down.

Sheep and Lambs—Trade generally steady; best lambs \$11 down; seconds \$6@7. Best fat sheep \$5 down; bucks \$3.50 down.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Local produce dealers quote buying prices as follows, net to shipper the shipper paying freight and drayage charges:

Eggs—Candled 60¢ dozen.
Butter—Country 27¢.
Butter—Creamery, tubs 62¢.
Poultry—Hens 22@24¢ lb.; large spring chickens 22@24¢ lb.; small 26@27¢ lb.; old roosters 12@14¢ lb.
young ducks 20@25¢ lb.; No. 1 turkeys 30@35¢ lb.; geese 14@15¢ lb.; guineas 35¢ each; young guineas 50¢ each.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
RECENTLY ISSUED

Guffle Whittler, Fordsville, to Besie Dodd, Fordsville.
C. H. Barnett, Whitesville, Route 1.

NOWHERE will you find a larger or more correct assembling of fabrics than in the Anderson line.

A. E. ANDERSON & CO.
26 TAIPRING YOU NEED
CHICAGO

Beaver Dam Coal Co.

Local Representations



FARM DEPARTMENT.

Success in cooperative marketing depends upon obtaining a sufficient volume of business, observing cooperative principles, employing capable management, following up-to-date business methods.

Cooperative marketing has resulted successfully for the cattle and hog growers of Craighead County, Ark. Cattle formerly sold at \$3 to \$6 a hundredweight under St. Louis markets, and hogs at \$2 to \$7 per hundredweight below the market. A carload of 94 hogs was originally collected and shipped through the activity of the county agent of the United States Department of Agriculture, and brought from \$5 to \$11 above the local price. The local buyers are now paying approximately the St. Louis prices.

More mutton would be consumed, the U. S. Department of Agriculture believes, if farmers realized generally that cured and smoked mutton is as delicious as pork. At present, only 3.9 per cent of the meat used in the United States is lamb or mutton. This is partly due to the fact that there is a popular impression among farmers that after a sheep is slaughtered, the only domestic use for the flesh is eating it while it is fresh. As a consequence, the farmer's family grows very tired of mutton before the carcass is consumed.

For the purpose of finding some way of obviating this difficulty, experimental work in the curing and smoking of mutton has been done recently by the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture. Those who have been doing this work give the following directions for home curing mutton:

The first essential in curing is to be sure that the mutton is thoroughly cooled. The meat should never be frozen, either prior to or during the period of curing. The time to begin curing is when the meat is cooled and still fresh; the proper time is from 24 to 36 hours after killing. Because of the high shrinkage incident to curing, only large pieces, such as the legs and shoulders are suitable for treatment.

Mutton may be cured by using any good brine formula, but dry-cured meat is better for future use than brine-cured and requires less work. However, danger from rats and other vermin is less in the case of brine-cured meat. Both methods of curing are very successful if care is taken to see that each operation is executed properly.

Following is the method of dry-curing mutton advocated by the United States Department of Agriculture: For each 100 pounds of meat use 7 pounds salt, 3 pounds sugar or syrup, 2 ounces saltpepper, 2 ounces red pepper, and 3 ounces black pepper.

Mix all ingredients thoroughly, then rub the mixture well over the meat and pack it away in a box or on a table. Allow one and one-half days' cure for each pound of meat the pieces average. After the meat is cured hang it in the smokehouse.

Poultry Flock Should Have Health and Vigor.

Only by continuous selection for health and vigor is it possible to build up a flock that will produce fertile eggs, strong chicks capable of making quick growth, and pullets with sufficient stamina to withstand the strain of heavy egg production. The appearance of a bird is not always a sure indication of its vigor, but appearance and action taken together are a fairly reliable guide for picking out vigorous birds, say poultry specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The comb, face, and wattles should have a good, bright color; the eyes should be bright and fairly prominent and the head should be comparatively broad and short, having a fairly short, well-curved beak and showing no tendency to be long, "snaky" or "crow-headed."

The bird should be alert and have a strong, vigorous carriage; the legs should be set well apart and strongly support the body, giving no indication of weakness or a knock-kneed condition. The bone, as seen in the shank, should be strong and not too fine for the breed, while the toes should be straight, and not too long.

The condition of flesh should be good, as a very thin bird is usually in poor health. Sick fowls or fowls that have apparently recovered from sickness, should never be used for breeding if it can be avoided.

Usually hens make better breeders than pullets. Cockerels, if well grown and matured, often give better fertility than older birds. However, cock birds that have proved good breeders should be used.

"PRESS DEM QUESTIONS"

A colored Methodist presiding Drug Co.

BRYAN SAYS WILSON RULE CAUSED DEFEAT

Commoner Avers President Laid Foundation For Disaster That Cox Completed

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 3.—William Jennings Bryan tonight furnished the Universal Service with the following interview.

"While the majorities are larger than even the Republican leaders expected, a Democratic defeat was inevitable and the blame is easily placed. The President laid the foundations for the disaster and Governor Cox completed the structure.

"The President attempted to drive out of public life every Democrat who dared to differ from him even in minute details, while he made no effort to strengthen the Democrats who made him the keeper of their conscience.

"He alienated all Republican support and invited partisan opposition by his appeal just before the election of 1918 for a Congress that would support his personal leadership and then knowing full well that the majority in the nation was against him, he refused to deal with the Senate as a co-ordinate branch of the government.

"Instead of recognizing that the constitutional provision requiring a two-thirds majority for ratification compelled compromise, he insisted upon dictating the terms upon which ratification could be had and then, on the 19th of March, stubbornly rejected ratification with reservations even when Senator Harding and some thirty-five other Republicans were willing to accept the league as he wrote it with the few changes upon which they insisted.

"By thus preventing ratification, the President assumed responsibility for the nation's failure to enter the League and thrust the league into the campaign as a partisan issue. The people, confronted with the choice between the presidential infallibility and respect of the opinion of the majority of the Senate naturally chose the latter. The Democratic party, by indorsing the President's position, invited the defeat that has overtaken it.

"Governor Cox, instead of repairing the injury done by the President, aggravated the situation by the manner in which he avoided domestic issues and misrepresented the position of the Republican party on the league issue, which he declared to be paramount. He dodged the liquor question, seeking to create the impression in the West that he favored prohibition, while attempting to hold the wet vote of the East by his wet record.

"He sought to conciliate Wall street by advocating the repeal of the excess profits tax, while he appealed to the West against the reactionaries. His attempt to put the Democratic party in the attitude of being the solemn guardian of peace was ridiculous and his assaults upon such well-known advocates of peace as ex-President Taft and Herbert Hoover were disgraceful.

"The American people want the government to play its part in the abolition of war, but they are indifferent as to whether we are part of a league or part of an association of nations. There is nothing in a name, but everything in a sentiment. The real issue presented by the Democratic party was not whether we should cooperate with other nations interested in peace, but whether we should assume a moral obligation which had no weight except as it suspended the right of Congress to act independently when the time arrived for action. The nation will do its part in aiding to prevent war, but it will not surrender into the keeping of any foreign group the right to determine when we shall declare war.

"Now that our participation will rest upon the will of Congress and not upon the arbitrary opinion of a single man, we may expect that disarmament will be made one of the conditions upon which we attempt to advise.

"Peace by terrorism has been proven impossible; peace based upon friendship and co-operation will be tried, provided the nations of Europe are willing to lay aside their land-grabbing schemes and join together on the basis of good-will. The country will expect Mr. Harding to carry out his pledge to advance the cause of world peace and there is no reason to doubt that he will do so. In the meantime the progressive forces of the nation will organize to compel Congress and the President to provide the legislative means by which the masses can protect themselves from the greed of the exploiters."

WARDEN IS BEATEN TO DEATH IN JAIL

Mount Holly, N. J., Nov. 5.—W. Harry King, warden of the Bur-

lington county jail, was beaten to death with an iron bar in a cell in the jail today by Harry Asay, a prisoner who was said to be suffering from delirium tremens. Charles Vernon, a "trusty," was also attacked and is said to be dying in the Mount Holly Hospital.

Asay, according to Sheriff Haines was arrested last night for drunkenness. Today the jail physician prescribed medicine which was frequently given the prisoner. Shortly before noon when King entered the man's cell to give him another dose Asay attacked him with the bar and beat him to death. Asay ran from the cell and the first prisoner he encountered was Vernon. Whether Vernon tried to prevent his escape is not known, but in the attack Asay crushed his skull with the iron bar.

Asay was subdued before he could attack others in the prison and was again locked up.

King lived but a short time after the attack. He was 55 years old.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA EMBARRASSING.

In Georgia they tell a story of a politician who was seeking to win the votes of his district to the end that he might be sent to the House of Representatives. In one speech he thought it might be well to refer to his humble origin and early struggles.

"Gentlemen," he said oratorically, "I got my start in life by working in a general store for \$3 a week, yet I managed to save money."

As he paused impressively a shrill voice from the group of auditors demanded: "Was that before they invented cash registers?"

CARD RATES*

Referring to an old citizen as a "relic of antiquity," \$1.

Calling a new made lawyer "a legal light of which the profession should feel proud," \$2.25.

To call a man a "progressive citizen," when it is known that he is lazier than a Government mule, \$1.75.

Calling a female a "talented and refined lady, a valuable acquisition to society," with variations, \$1.85.

Referring to a deceased citizen as "a man whose place will long remain unfilled," when we know he was the best poker player in town, \$2.25.—Arkansas Thomas Cat.

Pains Were Terrific

Read how Mrs. Albert Gregory, of R. F. D. No. 1, Bluford, Ill., got rid of her ills. "During . . . I was awfully weak . . . My pains were terrific. I thought I would die. The bearing-down pains were actually so severe I could not stand the pressure of my hands on the lower part of my stomach . . . I simply felt as if life was for but a short time. My husband was worried . . . One evening, while reading the Birthday Almanac, he came across a case similar to mine, and went straight for some Cardui for me to try.

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I took it faithfully and the results were immediate," adds Mrs. Gregory. "I continued to get better, all my ills left me, and I went through . . . with no further trouble. My baby was fat and strong, and myself—thank God—am once more Hale and hearty, can walk miles, do my work, though 44 years old, feel like a new person. All I owe to Cardui." For many years Cardui has been found helpful in building up the system when run down by disorders peculiar to women.

Take Cardui

1.82

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro. Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford. Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford. Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford. Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.

1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil. 1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil. 1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil. 3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil. 4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.

Judge—Mack Cook. County Atty.—A. D. Kirk. Clerk—W. C. Blankenship. Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher. Superintendent—E. S. Howard. Jailer—Worth Tichenor. Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward. Surveyor—C. S. Moxley. Coroner—E. P. Rodgers.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets first Tuesday in April and October.

1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3. 2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam. 3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons. 4th District—G. W. Rowe, Center-town. 5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Balze-ton. 6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee. 7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville. 8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean. Clerk—J. A. Howard. Police Judge—C. M. Crowe. Marshal—E. P. Casebier.

ROCKPORT

Chm'n. Board—W. G. Iler. Clerk—N. H. Bratcher. Police Judge—S. L. Fulkerson. Marshal—Ed. J. Bratcher.

BEAVER DAM.

Chm'n. Board—W. T. McKinney. Clerk—R. W. King. Police Judge—J. W. Cooper. Marshal—R. F. Stevens.

FORDSVILLE.

Chm'n. Board—W. R. Jones. Clerk—Olla Cobb. Police Judge—C. P. Kessinger. Marshal—Grant Pollard.

OFFICIAL SCHOOL CALENDAR FOR PRESENT YEAR

County Board of Education—E. S. Howard, S. S. O. C.

Div. No. 1—R. A. Owen, Hartford, Route 6.

Div. No. 2—H. C. Lake, Fordsville. Div. No. 3—Claud Renfrow, Dun-dee.

Div. No. 4—Robt. Goff, Rosine.

Div. No. 5—Otis Stevens, Beaver Dam.

Div. No. 6—Nat Lindley, Center-town.

County Board of Examiners: E. S. Howard, Mrs. Birdie Midkiff and Ira Jones.

Teachers Institute, Sept. 13th—17th.

EXAMINATIONS

Common School Diploma May 14 and 15 at Hartford, Beaver Dam and Fordsville.

May 21 and 22—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).

May 28 and 29—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

June 18 and 19—County and State Teachers' Examination at Fordsville, (White).

June 25 and 26—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Sept. 17 and 18—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).

Sept. 24 and 25—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Every Woman Wants Paxtine ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Finkham Med. Co., for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Same Frex. 50c, all druggists, or packed by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Mothers use Frey's Vermifuge For the Children

A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms

Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimonial FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you.

Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones healthy and happy.

30c a bottle. Go to druggist's general store, or if your dealer can't supply you, send his name and 30c in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS OF CONSUMPTION

FOR ONE MONTH

A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. It does not help you it costs you nothing.

OHIO MEDICAL CO.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safe, too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

M. WILLIAMS, Hartf

FRANCE IS READY TO AID HARDING

Willing To Join Organization By Changing Covenant.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The view was expressed in official circles today that the French Government would be ready to co-operate with the authorities at Washington in formulating something different from the covenant of the League of Nations as drawn at Versailles in order to take its place.

This statement was made in official quarters in referring to the declaration of President-elect Harding as cabled from Marion to the French press, to the effect that the Versailles covenant was now "deceased." This is interpreted by officials as applying to the covenant as drawn at Versailles and as indicating that something different from the Versailles agreement must take its place. To that end, it was stated by officials the French Government would be ready to give its collaboration.

It has been the generally accepted view here that the French Government would accept reservations by the United States regarding Article X and the other provisions of the covenant which have been the subject of controversy in the United States.

In this connection it was pointed out in official circles today that the original French idea of a League of Nations did not contain anything like Article X.

Whether the amended organization would be called a league, or a society, or an association is immaterial to France, according to the Government viewpoint. The essential thing, it is held, is to arrive as near as possible to the prevention of war.

The French Government considers that it would be regrettable to sacrifice the organization already set up and that the preferable procedure is to amend the existing league under the name of an association if that meets the American view.

Washington, Nov. 6.—State Department and White House officials refused today to discuss reports from Paris published in this country that Myron T. Herrick, formerly American Ambassador to France, had been chosen as an intermediary in negotiations with President-elect Harding regarding Mr. Harding's proposal for an association of nations.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poisons from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

NEW ATTEMPTS MADE TO SOLVE THE IRISH ISSUE

London, Nov. 5.—Two interesting, although unofficial, attempts are being made to solve the Irish question, it developed today. The first of these is an effort by influential political quarters to induce the government to communicate with the Sinn Fein members of Parliament in order to try to reach a practical agreement and prevent the ruin of Ireland.

The second is that three coalition members of Parliament will formally propose a plan for withdrawing the military in Ireland to strategic centers and allowing the local authorities to take the responsibility for the preservation of law and order with the eventual view of negotiating a political settlement of the problem.

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. HERBINE is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine, vigorous condition. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

HUN REPARATIONS BASIS AGREED ON

Paris, Nov. 6.—France and Great Britain have finally agreed on the procedure in four stages on the question of German reparations. This decision was reached after two conferences this afternoon between Premier Léguay and the Earl of Derby, the British Ambassador at Paris.

The procedure will embrace:

First, a Brussels conference of experts; second, a meeting at Geneva

between the representatives of the allied and German Governments; third, consideration by the reparations commission of the findings of the first two conferences; fourth, a meeting of the Premiers to consider the decision of the reparations commission.

HARDING HELPED BUILD ERIE RAILROAD IN 1882

New York, Nov. 6.—President-elect Harding, who played a cornet and set type in his youth in Marion, also drove a team on the grading of what is now the Western Division of the Erie in 1882. His employer was George E. Payne, a real estate operator of Long Island City.

"I was twenty-one then," Mr. Payne said today, "and was working as a time keeper for Page and Littlejohn, railroad contractors, who were building a part of the extension between Marion and Kenton, Ohio.

"We depended on the farmers of the community for teams, and one day, as I remember it, a young fellow who said he was W. G. Harding asked for work, saying he had a team. I sent him down to the foreman, a Mr. Hart, who put him to work immediately."

Mr. Payne said he read several months ago that Mr. Harding had worked on railroad construction in his youth.

"Having been in that section," he continued, "I looked up my old records. I wrote to him and got the following letter from his secretary, Mr. Christian:

"This is to confirm your inquiry and to advise you that W. G. Harding who was employed by you to work on the grading of the railroad in 1882 is now the Republican candidate for President."

TEUTON SCIENTISTS FAVOR OLD ACCORD

Berlin, Nov. 6.—German university professors and members of the Reichstag have drawn up a reply to the appeal for re-establishment of the "friendly intercourse" which existed before the World War, which the professors and doctors of Oxford University addressed to professors of arts and sciences and members of universities and learned societies in Germany and Austria.

"Science knows only one aim—the search after the truth—and it requires for the performance of this task the common labor of all, regardless of national boundaries," says the German reply.

The World War interrupted this joint labor and dissolved many personal ties. We are ready to resume these connections and by common labor to relegate to oblivion everything offensive spoken or written in both camps."

In twenty-one years no fewer than 230 slight shocks of an earthquake have been recorded in the British Isles, an average of almost exactly one a month.

BRYAN AGAINST PHILOSOPHY

Many admirers of W. J. Bryan were greatly surprised to hear of his attitude on the subject of philosophy. In an address before a religious convention at Washington he said: "We have allowed the doctrine of neutrality in religion to be carried too far. Our universities and colleges are teaching agnosticism and skepticism under the guise of philosophy, and the minds of young men and young women are being corrupted." He advocated the prohibition of the teaching of philosophy that does not coincide with the doctrines of Christianity.

The Grand Rapids district selected Mrs. E. A. Hamilton as State Senator. The women Sheriffs were chosen in Benzie and Roscommon Counties.

MINES ARE TAKEN OVER IN MEXICO

Mexico City, Nov. 5.—American, British and French mining companies in the State of Coahuila plan a protest to the Mexican Government against the latter's decision to operate many mines in the State, owing to the inability of employers and striking workmen to reach an agreement ending the present strike.

It is denied in official circles that the Government has intended to confiscate the mines, but it is asserted drastic measures are necessary to supply railroads and factories with fuel. The Constitution, it is pointed out, authorized the Government to act in such an emergency.

Representatives of the Governor of Coahuila yesterday took over five mining properties, announcing that operations would start probably today.

The men have been idle for ten days following a strike in support of demands for wage increases ranging from 100 to 250 per cent. All profits, it is said, will be turned over to the owners of the mines.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

I AM THE MERCHANTS BEST BUSINESS FRIEND

I am the Grand Master of all Retail Success.

My life is one continuous come and go every day throughout the year.

The merchandiser likes me because he knows that I will not stay too long. Frequent calls and frequent departures are just what he wants.

Some personage I must be, you say.

Yes, I am—certainly SOME personage!

Proud am I of the fact—because my one aim is to make profits day by day.

What care I, then, for the shelf-warmers, the left-overs, the oddsizes, the back-number styles and the nameless other merchandise that the public doesn't want. I travel not in their company—an I not the Lord High Potentate of all retail success?

Surely some personage, as you have said.

But the merchant who doesn't know me only has to watch his sales records and they will tell—who I am.

I am the result of sensible merchandising, ample advertising, proper, kindly store service, of system in cost and management.

I AM KNOWN IN BUSINESS AS— THE QUICK TURNOVER.

BAD BREAD IS BLAMED FOR ILLNESS IN VIENNA

Vienna, Nov. 6.—The poor quality of the bread which the people have at present to eat is stated to be the cause of extraordinary increase of intestinal affections in the last weeks and over which the medical faculty here is very much concerned.

A peculiar feature of the epidemic is that it is accompanied by skin eruptions similar to those caused by pellagra.

Pellagra is generally believed to be caused by eating a poor grade of corn, and the bread as baked at present in Vienna contains 40 per cent corn flour and 20 per cent potato flour.

MORROW PARDONS JAILED JAILED ELECTED AS JUDGE

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 6.—Fess Whitaker, jailed jailer, of Letcher County, who was elected last Tuesday to succeed to the office of the County Judge that sent him to jail, will be free to qualify for the office.

Gov. Edwin P. Morrow today pardoned him, accepting Whitaker's vindication at the polls as sufficient reason for clemency.

Whitaker had quarreled with former County Judge Sam Collins, who sent him to jail for fighting. He was incarcerated in his own jail, but unlocked the door during the night and went out. He was indicted and convicted of escaping, for which he received another jail sentence.

TEN WOMEN ELECTED TO MICHIGAN OFFICES

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 6.—One seat in the State Senate, two Sheriffs and seven lesser county offices were given to women in Tuesday's election in Michigan, according to almost complete returns today. All the successful candidates were Republicans.

Women Treasurers were elected in Muskegon, Delta and Tuscola Counties; Missaukee County elected a Woman County Clerk, and women candidates for Registrar of Deeds were successful in Kalamazoo and Oscoda Counties. In Hillsdale County a woman Drain Commissioner was chosen.

The Grand Rapids district selected Mrs. E. A. Hamilton as State Senator. The women Sheriffs were chosen in Benzie and Roscommon Counties.

FRANCE'S BIRTH RATE FAILS TO SHOW GAIN

Paris, Oct. 20.—France's efforts to raise the birthrate and lower the death rate by means of the new Ministry of Hygiene are too recent to be judged by comprehensive statistics. The importance of the problem, however, is given pessimistic prominence anew by publication of the Labor Ministry's statistics for 1919.

There were three deaths to two births last year. In only one department, Finisterre, did births exceed deaths. In a number deaths were double and even nearly treble the number of births.

LEVIATHAN RAT INFESTED

Many thousands of rats, it is said, are swarming in the U. S. S. Leviathan, now at Staten Island, N. Y. Fumigation by poison-gas was found unsuitable as it would take several weeks for the gas to clear away enough to allow anyone to return to the ship. It was decided to let the rats starve, as a result of which policy they have devoured every cat

on board ship and have turned their attention to the luxurious leather cushions and the beautiful paneling and other woodwork. It is supposed that the weaker rats will soon begin to die and will be eaten by the survivors. The rats are ferocious and desperate enough to attack a dog or a man but it is expected that starvation will shortly solve the problem.

320 OF WEST VIRGINIA'S MINERS KILLED IN YEAR

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 6.—Three hundred and twenty men were killed in the mining industry in West Virginia during the year ending June 30 last, according to the annual report of the State Department of Mines, made public here today. The report shows that fatal accidents during the year decreased by fifty-five from the total during a corresponding period of the year previous.

DIAMOND FOUND IN CANDY

While eating a piece of molasses candy the other day, Oda Utter, of Warwick, N. Y., broke a tooth on some hard, lustrous object. She consulted a jeweler, who informed her that the article in question was a diamond worth about \$400. It was a fortunate experience for Oda but it would hardly warrant speculators in buying all the candy in the United States which last year sold for a billion dollars.

AUTO THIEVES CAUGHT

A unique scheme of thievery has been unmasked and five men and one woman, declared to be members of an international organization, have been arrested in Detroit. Within the last year \$1,000,000 worth of cars were stolen in Detroit. They would be hidden away for several days, identification numbers changed and everything possible altered. They were then driven away by men of the underworld, equipped with different state license tags, and they were shipped to Norway and Sweden where they were sold.

A TALKING CLOCK

A philadelphian man has a unique clock which instead of ringing a discordant alarm bell speaks right out in the morning and announces that it is "Time to get up." The clock also calls out: "Breakfast is ready," "Time to go to work," "Time to go to market" etc., at predetermined hours.

CENSUS REPORT ON OHIO COUNTY DRAINAGE AREA

The Director of the Census announces, subject to correction, the following preliminary figures for organized drainage enterprises, in Ohio county, Kentucky:

Total area in organized drainage enterprises December 31, 1919, acres, 12,961; improved farm land, acres, 9,919; timbered and cut over land, acres, 2,193; other unimproved land, acres, 849. Total area of county, acres, 373,760.

Area of county in drainage enterprises, 5 per cent.

Swampy or wet or subject to overflow, in organized drainage enterprises, acres, 1,960.

Cost of organized drainage enterprises, total \$79,695.

McLean county has spent \$194,076 for drainage and 14.4 per cent of total area is in drainage districts.

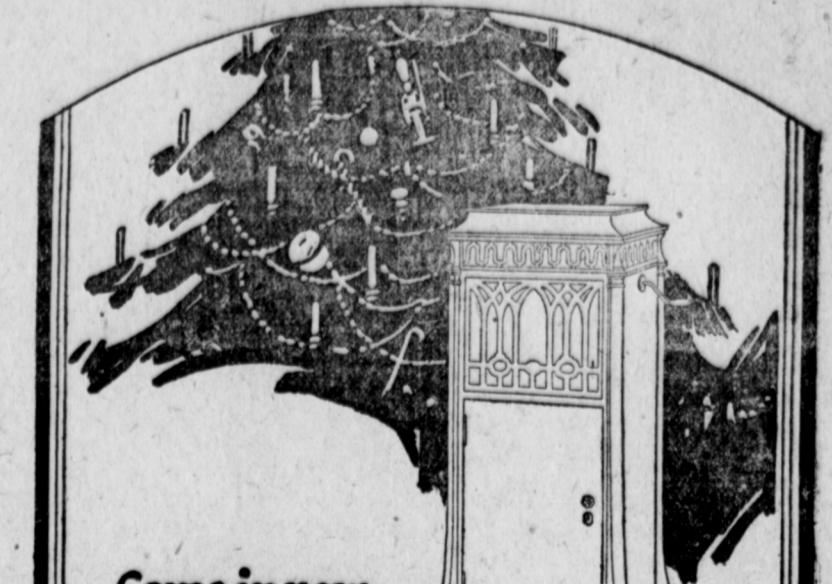
CATTLE LOANED TO TEUTONS

For the purpose of aiding Germany and Austria to get back on their feet in the matter of dairying and cattle raising, sympathetic organizations in this country have entered negotiations with Texas farmers to purchase 150,000 head of cattle for \$10,000,000 within the next six months. The cattle will be "loaned" to those two countries in order to head off the possibility of the allies' appropriating this stock in partial payment of the Teuton indemnities. After a certain number of years an equal number of cattle will be returned to the American owners.

LUXURY EXPENSES

From a perusal of tax returns compiled by the treasury department it appears that the people of our country spent nearly \$23,000,000,000 for luxuries during 1919. Of this amount \$750,000,000 was spent by "milady" for cosmetics. The men won, however, by burning up \$1,300,000,000 in cigars and cigarettes. For jewelry \$500,000,000 was put into the jewelers' pockets, and a cool billion was contributed to feeding the candy manufacturers. Autos gobbed up two billions. Chewing-gum stuck its users for 50 millions.

The man whose credit is best is not the man who has the most money, but the man who always pays when he agrees to.



NEW EDISON

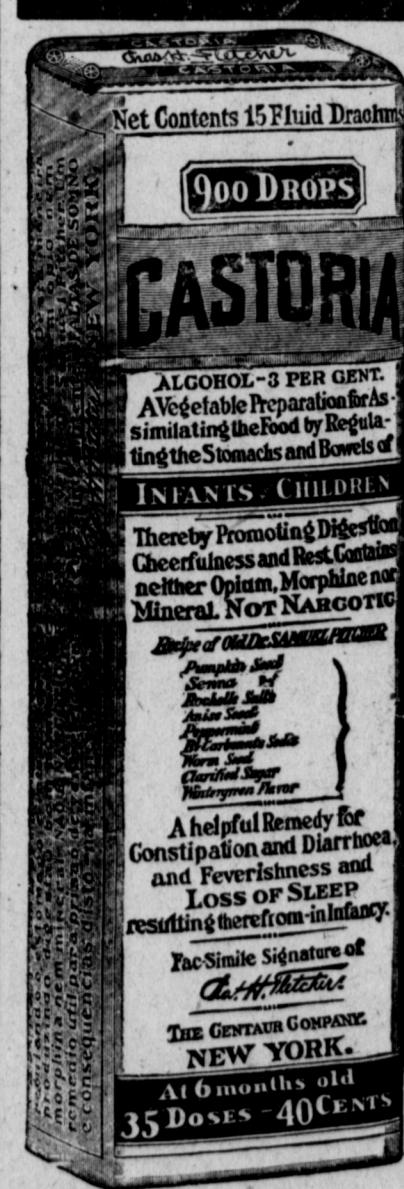
"The Phonograph with a Soul"

We guarantee it to sustain the test of direct comparison with the performances of living artists. That makes it the phonograph you want to give the family for Christmas.

This Official Laboratory Model has won the championship for realism.

Its perfect realism has been tested over 4000 times. More than fifty noted vocalists and instrumentalists made these tests. They compared their living performances directly with the RE-CREATION of those performances by the New Edison. The result was no difference between the two. Four million people said so; they heard the tests.

E. P. BARNES & BROTHER
BEAVER DAM, KY.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature
of
Chat. H. Fletcher

In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DENIES PROMISE TO POPE.

The report in the newspapers throughout the country that the Knights of Columbus had promised to have an American ship in readiness to convey

HINTS LAW SUIT AGAINST COHEN

State Inspector Issues Statement In Reply To Former Commissioner

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 8.—Reiterating every charge made in his report on the State Fair during the time that Mat S. Cohen was commissioner of agriculture, State Inspector and Examiner Henry E. James today issued a statement in reply to the answer to the report made by Cohen.

The inspector intimates, in the course of his statement, that legal action against Cohen is contemplated by the commonwealth. Referring to the former commissioner's statement that the inspector "was acting as judge or jury on the question of law and facts involved," Mr. James says:

"Unless I misjudge coming events there will be very much a jury trial in due course."

The statement follows:

"In answer to my charges of recklessness, waste, extravagance, duplication and padding of expense accounts of the State Fair Board, Mr. Cohen is reported by the press as saying:

"First.—That he accuses the examiner of wilful exaggeration when he says that 8,261 single ticket admissions of various kinds and meal tickets for the year 1918 and 9,433 for the year 1919 were delivered to him. Replying to this denial the examiner charges that Mr. Cohen is either telling a wilful falsehood or is so densely ignorant and reckless that he fails to realize the seriousness of his statement. To substantiate this charge or any other charge that I made in my report of August 5, 1920, I refer Mr. Cohen to the record now on file in the office of the Kentucky State Fair at Louisville, which record was made by and is in the handwriting of the employees of Mr. Cohen's administration.

Refers To Records.

"Second.—Mr. Cohen charges that he received in donations more than \$18,000 for the years 1918 and 1919. I again refer to the records and to his expert accountants' report for 1919 who were employed by the fair board at its star chamber session held at Lexington. I also refer to the original entries made in the State Fair ledger by Cohen's assistants.

"Third.—Mr. Cohen attempts to deliberately dodge the issue by lugging in the 1917 Horse Show. The examiner did not mention the 1917 fair deal exclusively with the transactions of 1918 and 1919 and suggests that anyone who doubts his statement examine the Cohen-made record.

"Fifth.—Mr. Cohen suggests that Mr. Hanna will not be satisfied with Louisville police for fair ground police. That may be so, but it was clearly demonstrated at the 1920 fair that Cohen's number of 104, costing \$8,731.50, were not necessary and that only thirty-four were employed by Mr. Hanna at a cost of \$1,583.00.

"Sixth.—Mr. Cohen denies that he had anything to do with fleecing Uncle John Shell at the 1919 fair. The examiner quotes from the affidavit of J. A. Asher, as follows: "That he, the said Asher, under the order and direction of Mat S. Cohen, paid for said concession 20 per cent of the above amount which 20 per cent is the sum of \$250.00 to Q. T. Gatewood. I quote from the statement of Carl R. Funk, superintendent of concessions, as follows: "I was advised by Mr. Cohen that no charge was to be made for the space occupied by the Shell tent." In the fact of this evidence is it any wonder that I have connected him with the matter?"

"Seventh.—Mr. Cohen certainly has had a change of mind about making preparation for the amount his accounts were padded and duplicated for. I say very frankly and, I believe, the other gentlemen present at the conference will agree with me that Cohen never indicated that he would pay back.

"The accused need not worry about the inspector acting as judge or jury on the question of law and facts involved, but unless I misjudge coming events there will be very much of a jury trial in due course.

"Eighth.—Mr. Cohen says that a diligent inspector would have searched the records of the Agricultural Bureau and there found a list of the "contributors." That is exactly what I did, but search was all. The list was not there and an employee of Mr. Cohen's during his term as commissioner, made a most thorough search and said to me that such a list was not there and had never been there to her knowledge. Mr. Shropshire, the assistant secretary of the fair, also told me that such a list had never been filed in the fair office. I again charge that Cohen solicited and received contributions without filing a

list showing the names of the contributors and the various amounts contributed by each in either the office of the commissioner or the State Fair.

"Eleventh.—Regarding 'Louisville ministers at smokers,' Cohen says some of the Louisville ministers will testify to their presence at these meetings (meaning smokers or banquets), and as to whether or not the liquor flowed. I now call upon Mr. Cohen to give the names of the Louisville ministers who attended a banquet given at the Seelbach Hotel on September 11, 1918, where forty covers were laid and forty cocktails and one pony cognac were served. Also on April 30, 1917, when a banquet was served at the Seelbach Hotel, where \$115.50 worth of food was consumed as well as \$17 worth of liquors from the bar. Also banquet at same hotel September 11, 1917, where thirty special covers were laid and thirty L. B. highballs consumed.

"Twelfth.—Mr. Cohen exonerates himself from "graft" but adds that the inspector might look to the capitol building and among state employees elsewhere. To this statement the Examiner has this to say: That if Mr. Cohen has reasonable grounds for believing that there is graft in or out of the capitol, he is no part of a good citizen unless he lets the facts be known to the Franklin County grand jury.

H. E. JAMES,
State Inspector and Examiner.

DENTAL NOTICE.

Now is the time to have your dental work attended to. Winter is coming with rain and snow which makes old teeth ache and abscess. Abscessed Teeth or "Gum Boils" are dangerous. You are continually swallowing this deadly poisoned pus. Each mouthful of food carries this infection into the stomach. It lowers vitality which invites cancer of the mouth, throat and stomach. Diphtheria, Tuberculosis, Pneumonia, Influenza, Typhoid, Bright's Disease, rheumatism, Anæmia and even death frequently results from continually swallowing pus.

A mouth containing decayed teeth is a poisonous laboratory, which sends a host of bacteria into the elementary tract. They multiply rapidly thus gain access to the lymphatic system and are carried to the distant organs. Soft spongy and bleeding gums give warning of approaching abscesses.

Lady Attendant.

Yours respectfully,
DR. CHARLES R. LAYTON,
Bank Bldg. Rockport, Ky.
Office opens 8:30 a. m., closes 4 p. m., promptly.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Kentucky.

In the Matter of William A. Vaughn,
Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

To the Creditors of William A. Vaughn, of Green River, in the County of Ohio, and district aforesaid, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1920 the said Vaughn was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the law office of Heavrin & Martin, in Hartford, Kentucky, on the 18th day of November A. D., 1920, at 1 P. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the Bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Petition filed October 30, 1920.
Owensboro, Ky., November 5, 1920.

J. A. DEAN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BEACH VALLEY.

The farmers are busy now, gathering corn.

The election passed off quietly here. Not many Democrat women voted, and we don't suppose the Republican women here suffered any inconvenience in getting to the polls, as there were plenty of Fords stirring around.

Mrs. Myrtle Taylor is on the sick list.

Miss Lodelle Magan has been on the sick list a few days this week.

Messrs. J. C. Magan, W. T. Taul, Bill Martin and Jim Boy Westerfield, of Magan, went to Hartford Tuesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim L. Patton, of Ralph's, attended church at Marvin's Chapel Sunday, and dined with their daughter, Mrs. T. S. Miller and Mr. Miller.

Miss Arzella Magan has returned home, after spending some time with her grandmother, Mrs. Dell Magan, of Magan.

Mr. J. L. Patton, of Ralph's and John Midkiff, of Whitesville, were in Hartford Monday on business.

DON'T GUESS ON STOCK!

The merchant who attempts to keep his stock by the guess method is all wrong, no matter how small a store he conducts.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE!

Monday, November 15, 1920

We will close all open accounts and sell for cash or produce only, from November 15, to about February 1, 1921, the time set for winding up our business in this town, preparatory to moving to our new location—Hopkinsville, Ky.

10 Per Cent Reduction will be made on our regular prices in every department of this big store from November the 15th on, except flour and feed.

10 Per Cent Reduction on Your Clothing, Shoes, Ready-to-Wear, Millinery, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Silks, Notions, Hosiery, Groceries, Furniture

Queensware, and everything else in our stock means a substantial saving in this store where merchandise is sold on a live and let live basis. Where we won't mark up in order to mark down. Where no deception of any kind is practiced. It means you actually save 10 PER CENT on every dollar of your purchases.

MONEY IS MUCH EASIER TO MOVE THAN MERCHANDISE. It will be to your interest to supply your needs here.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

CAN'T PRAISE IT TOO MUCH, HE SAYS

Is Glad He Took It For
Completely Restored
His Health

"In three weeks I picked up ten pounds in weight and I can say that Tanlac will do all they say it will," said Barney Johnson Lee, 2220 Lyons Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

"Brock in February I had a spell of the 'flu' that left me all run-down and my stomach out of order. After I went back to work I was so weak I could hardly hold out during the day. My appetite was so poor I had to force down enough to keep me alive and it always soured on my stomach and caused me no end of trouble. My nerves were unstrung it was next to impossible for me to get a good night's sleep. I was just about played out.

"I had heard about Tanlac and when I saw the statement of Rev. Charles Sanders, of Huntington, W. Va., I decided to try it. My appetite picked up right away, and in a few days the indigestion commenced to leave me. Although I have taken only two bottles of Tanlac I have gained ten pounds, my nerves are strong and I sleep like a top every night. I am as well and strong as I ever was and feel like my old self again."

Tanlac is sold in Hartford by Dr. L. B. Bean; in Beaver Dam by R. T. Taylor, Jr.; and in McHenry by S. J. Tichener.—Advertisement.

**PLAN NEW UNITS OF
GUARDSMEN FOR STATE**

A number of new units of National Guardsmen will be organized in Kentucky it has been announced, following a conference among officers of the Fifth Military Corps Area, composed of Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio and West Virginia, at Fort Benjamin Harrison. Adj. Gen. Jackson Morris and Maj. Thomas W. Woodyard, from this State attended. Plans to organize two divisions of National Guard in the area were made.

Kentucky's quota of 3,900 men—300 for each Congressman and Senator—will be divided among several branches of service it was stated, and the exact organization will be announced when the plans made at the

conference have been approved by the RETURNING AMERICANS' BODIES PROCEEDS RAPIDLY

Paris, Nov. 9.—Nearly 9,000 bodies of American soldiers who died or were killed in France during the war, Kentucky after their return. Maj. Gen. G. W. Reed is commander of the area and took part in the conference.

G. O. P. GAINS 3 MEMBERS
OF CONGRESS IN TENNESSEE

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 9.—An official canvass in the Eighth Congressional District gives Lon A. Scott, Republican, a majority of 633 votes and the victory over his Democratic opponent, Gordon Browning.

This fixes the political alignment of the Tennessee delegation in the next House of Representatives on the face of the returns as five Republicans and five Democrats—a net Republican gain of three members.

The official count in the Fourth District showed the defeat of Representative Cordell Hull, Democratic National Committeeman, by W. F. Clouse.

Mr. John M. Ferguson and wife from New Mexico, are visiting Mrs. Ferguson's mother, Mrs. Anna Earp. Mr. John Allen and family visited relatives in Rosine Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pierce, of Beaver Dam, visited Mrs. Betsey Pierce Sunday.

Mrs. Combs, who has been sick for some time, is improving slowly.

A land-slide for Harding in the election and the women rejoicing over victory in their first vote.

Mr. Truman Taylor is suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

Mr. Nute Daugherty is still in the hospital, but some what convalescent.

Mrs. John E. Williams went to Beaver Dam this week, to have dental work done.

Mr. Tom Raymer and Miss Sula Johnson were married Saturday night. A happy reunion, as they were married to each other once before this.

There will be a pie supper at the school house at Rosine, Saturday night, November 13th, conducted by the teachers, Miss Alma Simpson and Miss Lona Oller.

Mr. Talton Embry is in Owensboro this week, on business.

Shirts were first generally worn in the west of Europe in the eighth century.

The task of exhaling the bodies of soldiers buried in Great Britain was finished three weeks ago, 80 per cent of them being shipped to the U. S.

Removal of bodies from occupied areas in Germany and Luxembourg has just been completed, and all of them were sent to America. Working forces will begin operations in Belgium next month and from cemeteries in that country 1,031 bodies will be removed. The work of exhaling the bodies in the Brest Bordeaux and St. Lazare areas has been completed and the efforts of the Americans will be concentrated on the war zone. It is not probable that the first of the uniform headstones recently decided upon by the War Memorials Council will be set in the four permanent cemeteries until next autumn.

BARBECUE WILL BE PUT ON FOR ERNST

Covington, Ky., Nov. 10.—Richard P. Ernst, United States Senator-elect will be the guest of honor at an old-time barbecue to be given at Latonia Race Track Saturday, November 20.

Six hundred invitations will be issued and practically every town and village in Kentucky will be represented. Democrats as well as Republicans will be invited. It is planned to make it a nonpartisan affair in honor of Mr. Ernst's victory.



KEMP'S BALM

for you. Then you can go to sleep and forget that horrid old cough."

As usual Mother is right—but why not save poor old dad the night trip to the drug store next time by having an extra bottle of Kemp's Balsam in the house all ready for big and little coughs alike?

Get a bottle now.
GUARANTEED
Le Roy, N. Y.